

HT75XX-1 LOW DROPOUT LINEAR REGULATOR

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

HT75XX-1 series are a set of Low Dropout Linear Regulator ICs implemented in CMOS technology. They can withstand voltage 30V. And they are available with low voltage drop and low quiescent current, widely used in audio, video and communication appliances.

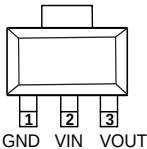
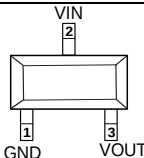
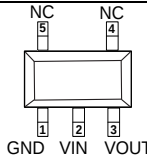
FEATURES

- Low Power Consumption
- Low Voltage Drop
- Low Temperature Coefficient
- Withstanding Voltage 30V
- Quiescent Current 1.5 μ A
- Output Voltage Accuracy: tolerance $\pm 2\%$
- High output current: 100mA

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Battery-powered Equipments
- Communication Equipments
- Audio/Video Equipments

PIN CONFIGURATION

SOT89		SOT23-3	
			
SOT23-5		TO-92	
			

OUTPUT

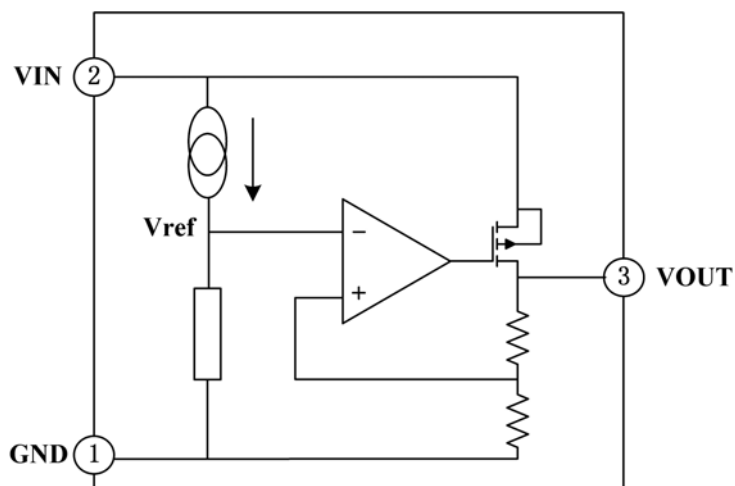
Series	Output	Package
HT7525-1	2.5V	SOT89 TO92 SOT23-5 SOT23-3
HT7528-1	2.8V	
HT7530-1	3.0V	
HT7533-1	3.3V	
HT7536-1	3.6V	
HT7540-1	4.0V	
HT7544-1	4.4V	
HT7550-1	5.0V	
HT7590-1	9.0V	

NOTE: “XX” is output voltage.

PIN DESCRIPTION

No.	Name	Functions Description
1	GND	ground
2	V _{IN}	input
3	V _{OUT}	output

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Description	Symbol	Value range	Unit
Limit Power Voltage	V _{IN}	−0.3~+33	V
Storage Temperature Range	T _{STG}	−50~+125	°C
Operating Free-air Temperature Range	T _A	−40~+85	°C

Note : Stresses greater than those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “Recommended Operating Conditions” is not implied. Exposure to “Absolute Maximum Ratings” for extended periods may affect device reliability.

HEAT DISSIPATION

Description	Symbol	Package	Value range	Unit
Thermal resistance	θ_{JA}	SOT89	200	°C/W
		TO92	200	°C/W
		SOT23-5 SOT23-3	500	°C/W
Power dissipation	P _W	SOT89	500	mW
		TO92	500	mW
		SOT23-5 SOT23-3	200	mW

DC CHARACTERISTICS (unless otherwise noted $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$)

Series HT7525-1

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage	V_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0\text{V}$, $I_{OUT}=10\text{mA}$	2.45	2.50	2.55	V
Output Current	I_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0\text{V}$	70	100	—	mA
Load Regulation	ΔV_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0\text{V}$ $1\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 50\text{mA}$	—	25	60	mV
Voltage Drop	V_{DIF}	$I_{OUT}=1\text{mA}$, $\Delta V_{OUT}=2\%$	—	30	100	mV
Quiescent Current	I_{SS}	No Load	—	1.5	3.0	μA
Line Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{V_{OUT}} \cdot \frac{\Delta V_{IN}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	$V_{OUT}+1.0\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 30\text{V}$, $I_{OUT}=1\text{mA}$	—	—	0.2	%/V
Input Voltage	V_{IN}	—	—	—	30	V
Temperature Coefficient	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_A} \cdot V_{OUT}$	$V_{OUT}+2.0\text{V}$, $I_{OUT}=10\text{mA}$, $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^\circ\text{C}$	—	100	—	ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$

Note : When $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0\text{V}$, as the output voltage declined 2%, the $V_{DIF}=V_{IN}-V_{OUT}$.

Series HT7528-1

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage	V_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0\text{V}$, $I_{OUT}=10\text{mA}$	2.744	2.80	2.856	V
Output Current	I_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0\text{V}$	70	100	—	mA
Load Regulation	ΔV_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0\text{V}$ $1\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 50\text{mA}$	—	25	60	mV
Voltage Drop	V_{DIF}	$I_{OUT}=1\text{mA}$, $\Delta V_{OUT}=2\%$	—	30	100	mV
Quiescent Current	I_{SS}	No Load	—	1.5	3.0	μA
Line Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{V_{OUT}} \cdot \frac{\Delta V_{IN}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	$V_{OUT}+1.0\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 30\text{V}$, $I_{OUT}=1\text{mA}$	—	—	0.2	%/V
Input Voltage	V_{IN}	—	—	—	30	V
Temperature Coefficient	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_A} \cdot V_{OUT}$	$V_{OUT}+2.0\text{V}$, $I_{OUT}=10\text{mA}$, $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^\circ\text{C}$	—	100	—	ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$

Note : When $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0\text{V}$, as the output voltage declined 2%, the $V_{DIF}=V_{IN}-V_{OUT}$.

Series HT7530-1

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage	V_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$, $I_{OUT}=10mA$	2.94	3.00	3.06	V
Output Current	I_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$	70	100	—	mA
Load Regulation	ΔV_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$ $1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 50mA$	—	25	60	mV
Voltage Drop	V_{DIF}	$I_{OUT}=1mA$, $\Delta V_{OUT}=2\%$	—	30	100	mV
Quiescent Current	I_{SS}	No Load	—	1.5	3.0	μA
Line Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{V_{OUT}} \cdot \frac{\Delta V_{IN}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	$V_{OUT}+1.0V \leq V_{IN} \leq 30V$, $I_{OUT}=1mA$	—	—	0.2	%/V
Input Voltage	V_{IN}	—	—	—	30	V
Temperature Coefficient	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_A} \cdot V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$, $I_{OUT}=10mA$, $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq 85^\circ C$	—	100	—	ppm/ $^\circ C$

Note : When $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$, as the output voltage declined 2%, the $V_{DIF}=V_{IN}-V_{OUT}$.

Series HT7533-1

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage	V_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$, $I_{OUT}=10mA$	3.234	3.30	3.366	V
Output Current	I_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$	70	100	—	mA
Load Regulation	ΔV_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$ $1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 50mA$	—	25	60	mV
Voltage Drop	V_{DIF}	$I_{OUT}=1mA$, $\Delta V_{OUT}=2\%$	—	25	55	mV
Quiescent Current	I_{SS}	No Load	—	1.5	3.0	μA
Line Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{V_{OUT}} \cdot \frac{\Delta V_{IN}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	$V_{OUT}+1.0V \leq V_{IN} \leq 30V$, $I_{OUT}=1mA$	—	—	0.2	%/V
Input Voltage	V_{IN}	—	—	—	30	V
Temperature Coefficient	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_A} \cdot V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$, $I_{OUT}=10mA$, $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq 85^\circ C$	—	100	—	ppm/ $^\circ C$

Note : When $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$, as the output voltage declined 2%, the $V_{DIF}=V_{IN}-V_{OUT}$.

Series HT7536-1

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage	V_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$, $I_{OUT}=10mA$	3.528	3.60	3.672	V
Output Current	I_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$	70	100	—	mA
Load Regulation	ΔV_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$ $1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 50mA$	—	25	60	mV
Voltage Drop	V_{DIF}	$I_{OUT}=1mA$, $\Delta V_{OUT}=2\%$	—	25	55	mV
Quiescent Current	I_{SS}	No Load	—	1.5	3.0	μA
Line Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{V_{OUT}} \cdot \frac{\Delta V_{IN}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	$V_{OUT}+1.0V \leq V_{IN} \leq 30V$, $I_{OUT}=1mA$	—	—	0.2	%/V
Input Voltage	V_{IN}	—	—	—	30	V
Temperature Coefficient	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_A} \cdot V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$, $I_{OUT}=10mA$, $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq 85^\circ C$	—	100	—	ppm/ $^\circ C$

Note : When $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$, as the output voltage declined 2%, the $V_{DIF}=V_{IN}-V_{OUT}$.

Series HT7540-1

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage	V_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$, $I_{OUT}=10mA$	3.92	4.0	4.08	V
Output Current	I_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$	70	100	—	mA
Load Regulation	ΔV_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$ $1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 50mA$	—	25	60	mV
Voltage Drop	V_{DIF}	$I_{OUT}=1mA$, $\Delta V_{OUT}=2\%$	—	25	55	mV
Quiescent Current	I_{SS}	No Load	—	1.5	3.0	μA
Line Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{V_{OUT}} \cdot \frac{\Delta V_{IN}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	$V_{OUT}+1.0V \leq V_{IN} \leq 30V$, $I_{OUT}=1mA$	—	—	0.2	%/V
Input Voltage	V_{IN}	—	—	—	30	V
Temperature Coefficient	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_A} \cdot V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$, $I_{OUT}=10mA$, $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq 85^\circ C$	—	100	—	ppm/ $^\circ C$

Note : When $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$, as the output voltage declined 2%, the $V_{DIF}=V_{IN}-V_{OUT}$.

Series HT7544-1

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage	V_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$, $I_{OUT}=10mA$	4.312	4.4	4.488	V
Output Current	I_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$	70	100	—	mA
Load Regulation	ΔV_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$ $1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 50mA$	—	25	60	mV
Voltage Drop	V_{DIF}	$I_{OUT}=1mA$, $\Delta V_{OUT}=2\%$	—	25	55	mV
Quiescent Current	I_{SS}	No Load	—	1.5	3.0	μA
Line Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{V_{OUT}} \cdot \frac{\Delta V_{IN}}{V_{IN}}$	$V_{OUT}+1.0V \leq V_{IN} \leq 30V$, $I_{OUT}=1mA$	—	—	0.2	%/V
Input Voltage	V_{IN}	—	—	—	30	V
Temperature Coefficient	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_A} \cdot V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$, $I_{OUT}=10mA$, $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq 85^\circ C$	—	100	—	ppm/ $^\circ C$

Note : When $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$, as the output voltage declined 2%, the $V_{DIF}=V_{IN}-V_{OUT}$.

Series HT7550-1

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage	V_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$, $I_{OUT}=10mA$	4.9	5.0	5.1	V
Output Current	I_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$	100	150	—	mA
Load Regulation	ΔV_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$ $1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 70mA$	—	25	60	mV
Voltage Drop	V_{DIF}	$I_{OUT}=1mA$, $\Delta V_{OUT}=2\%$	—	25	55	mV
Quiescent Current	I_{SS}	No Load	—	1.5	3.0	μA
Line Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{V_{OUT}} \cdot \frac{\Delta V_{IN}}{V_{IN}}$	$V_{OUT}+1.0V \leq V_{IN} \leq 30V$, $I_{OUT}=1mA$	—	—	0.2	%/V
Input Voltage	V_{IN}	—	—	—	30	V
Temperature Coefficient	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_A} \cdot V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$, $I_{OUT}=10mA$, $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq 85^\circ C$	—	100	—	ppm/ $^\circ C$

Note : When $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$, as the output voltage declined 2%, the $V_{DIF}=V_{IN}-V_{OUT}$.

Series HT7590-1

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage	V_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$, $I_{OUT}=10mA$	8.82	9.0	9.18	V
Output Current	I_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$	100	150	—	mA
Load Regulation	ΔV_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$ $1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 70mA$	—	25	60	mV
Voltage Drop	V_{DIF}	$I_{OUT}=1mA$, $\Delta V_{OUT}=2\%$	—	25	55	mV
Quiescent Current	I_{SS}	No Load	—	1.5	3.0	μA
Line Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{V_{OUT}} \cdot \frac{\Delta V_{IN}}{V_{IN}}$	$V_{OUT}+1.0V \leq V_{IN} \leq 30V$, $I_{OUT}=1mA$	—	—	0.2	%/V
Input Voltage	V_{IN}	—	—	—	30	V
Temperature Coefficient	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_A} \cdot V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$, $I_{OUT}=10mA$, $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}C$	—	100	—	ppm/ $^{\circ}C$

Note : When $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$, as the output voltage declined 2%, the $V_{DIF}=V_{IN}-V_{OUT}$.

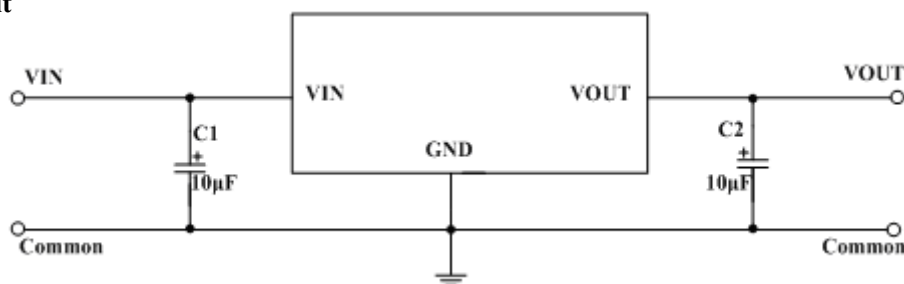
FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

HT75XX-1 series are linear voltage regulator ICs withstanding 30V voltage. The series IC consists of a voltage reference, an error amplifier, a current limiter and a phase compensation circuit plus a driver transistor. The output stabilization capacitor is also compatible with low ESR ceramic capacitors.

The over current protection circuit and the over voltage protection circuit are built-in. The protection circuit will operate when the output current or input voltage reaches limit level.

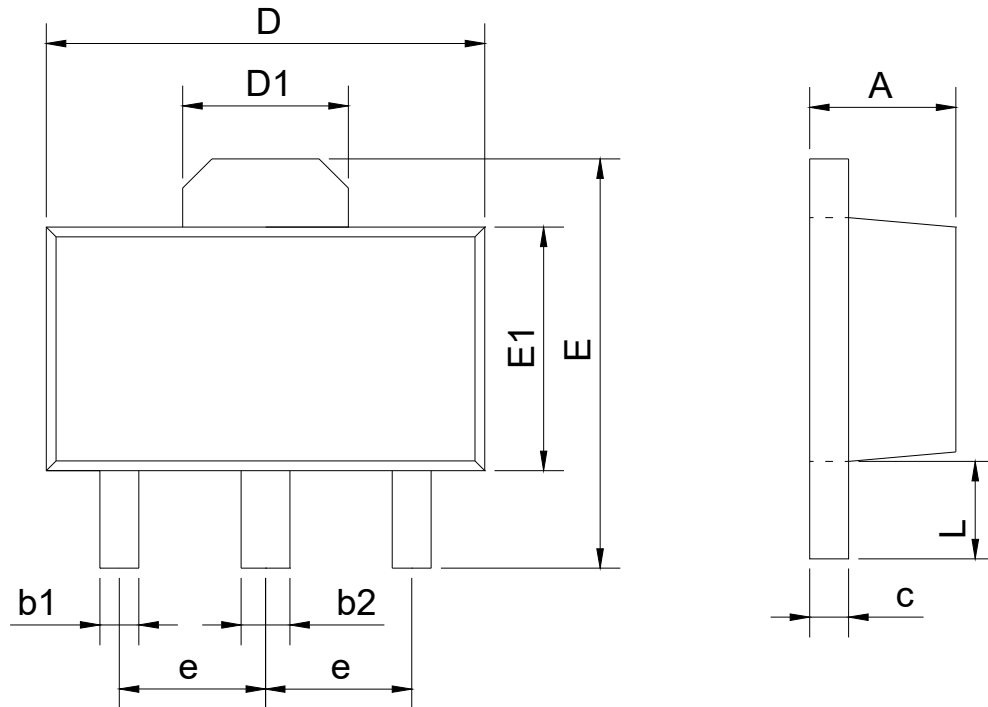
TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

Basic Circuit



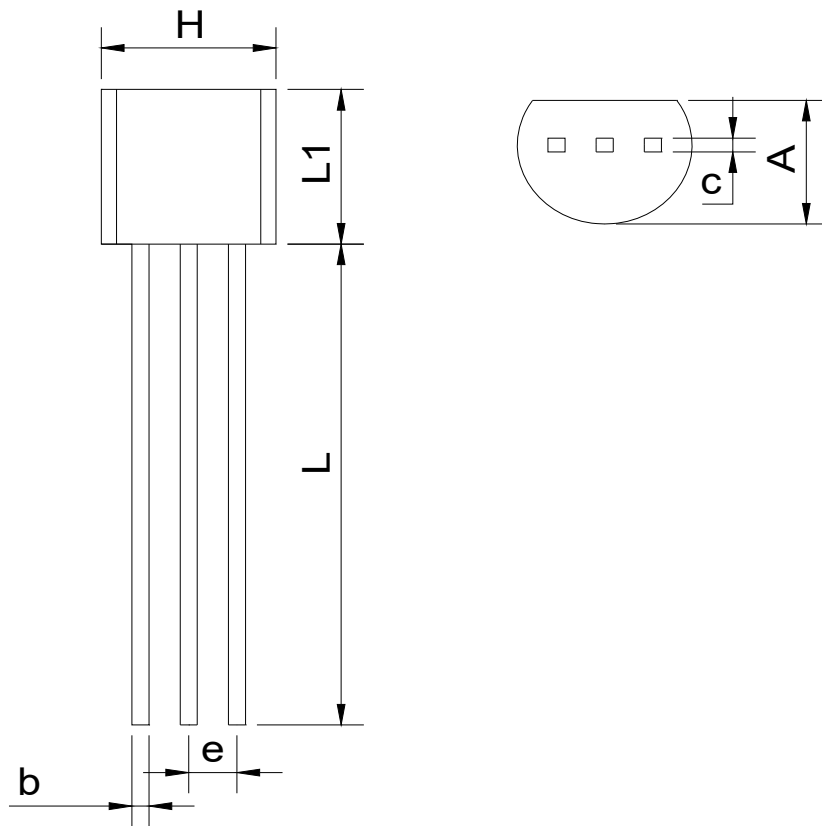
PACKAGE INFORMATION

SOT89



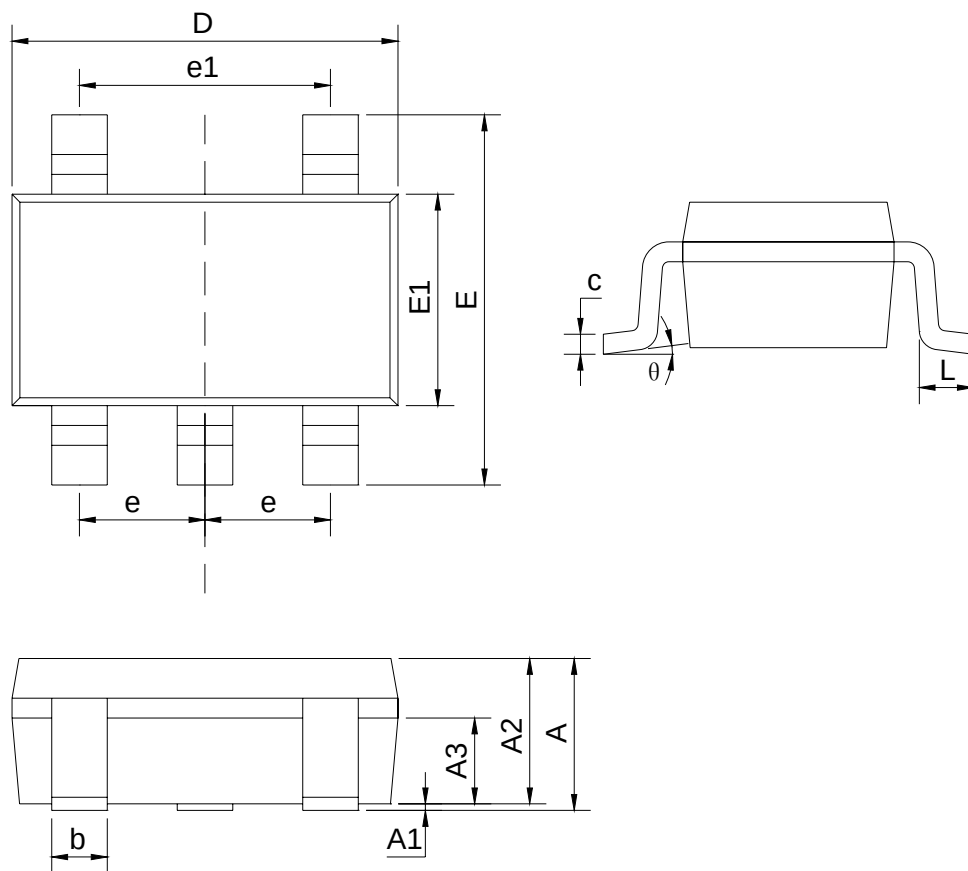
SYMBOL	mm	
	min	max
A	1.40	1.60
b1	0.35	0.50
b2	0.45	0.60
c	0.36	0.46
D	4.30	4.70
D1	1.40	1.80
E	4.00	4.40
E1	2.30	2.70
e	1.50BSC	
L	0.80	1.20

TO92



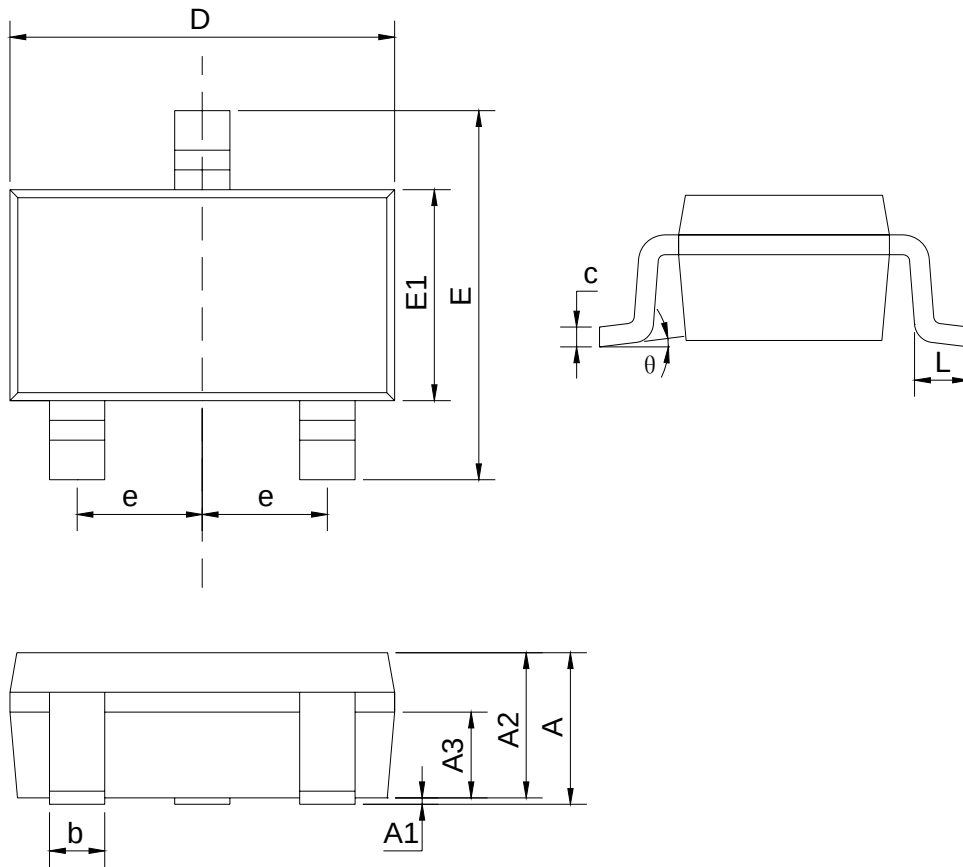
SYMBOL	mm	
	min	max
A	3.40	3.80
b	0.40	0.50
c	0.35	0.45
e	1.27BSC	
H	4.40	4.80
L	13.00	15.00
L1	4.30	4.70

SOT23-5



SYMBOL	mm	
	min	max
A		1.35
A1	0.04	0.15
A2	1.00	1.20
A3	0.55	0.75
b	0.38	0.48
c	0.10	0.25
D	2.72	3.12
E	2.60	3.00
E1	1.40	1.80
e	0.95BSC	
e1	1.90BSC	
L	0.30	0.60
θ	0	8°

SOT23-3



SYMBOL	mm	
	min	max
A		1.35
A1	0.04	0.15
A2	1.00	1.20
A3	0.55	0.75
b	0.38	0.48
c	0.10	0.25
D	2.72	3.12
E	2.60	3.00
E1	1.20	1.80
e	0.95BSC	
L	0.30	0.60
θ	0	8°